

13-3

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From our previous result, $k = 1.314 \text{ N/mm}$. Now we can examine the stress.

$$\text{Solid length: } L_s = dN_t = (2.5)(14) = 35 \text{ mm}$$

From Table 10-4, $A = 2211$ and $m = 0.145$. Therefore,

$$S_{ut} = \frac{A}{d^m} = \frac{2211}{(2.5)^{0.145}} = 1935.9 \text{ MPa}$$

From Table 10-6, $S_{sy} = 0.45 \cdot S_{ut} = 871.2 \text{ MPa}$

Now we examine the stress

$$K_B \equiv \frac{4C+2}{4C-3} = \frac{4 \cdot 11.4 + 2}{4 \cdot 11.4 - 3} = 1.117$$

$$\tau = K_B \frac{8FD}{\pi d^3} = S_{sy} \implies F = S_{sy} \frac{\pi d^3}{8DK_B} = 167.9 \text{ N}$$

design decision

Free length selection. We know that the spring has a load of F maximum. If we want the solid length to be the length at which the load is max,

$$\begin{aligned} F &= k(L_0 - L_s) \implies L_0 = \frac{F + kL_s}{k} \\ &= F/k + L_s \\ &= 162.8 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$