## **01.4 math.lap** Laplace transforms

The definition of the one-side Laplace and inverse Laplace transforms follow.

## **Definition A.1: Laplace transforms (one-sided)**

Laplace transform *L*:

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{y}(\mathbf{t})) = \mathbf{Y}(\mathbf{s}) = \int_0^\infty \mathbf{y}(\mathbf{t}) e^{-s\mathbf{t}} d\mathbf{t}.$$
 (1)

Inverse Laplace transform  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}$ :

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}(\mathbf{Y}(s)) = \mathbf{y}(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\infty}^{\sigma+j\infty} \mathbf{Y}(s) e^{st} ds.$$
(2)

See Table lap.1 for a list of properties and common transforms.

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